



SRINIVAS UNIVERSITY

Mangalore-575001, Karnataka (India)

Srinivas Centre for Research in Active Learning



Mrs. Supriya M.K.

Active learning is a form of learning in which teaching strives to involve students in the learning process more directly than in other methods.

The term *active learning* states that in active learning, students participate in the process and students participate when they are doing something besides passively listening." Active learning is "a method of learning in which students are actively or experientially involved in the learning process and where there are different levels of active learning, depending on student involvement. In the Association for the Study of Higher Education (ASHE) report the authors discuss a variety of methodologies for promoting "active learning". They cite literature that indicates that to learn, students must do more than just listen: They must read, write, discuss, or be engaged in solving problems. It relates to the three learning domains referred to as knowledge, skills and attitudes (KSA), and that this taxonomy of learning behaviours can be thought of as "the goals of the learning process". In particular, students must engage in such higher-order thinking tasks as analysis, synthesis, and evaluation. Active learning engages students in two aspects – doing things and thinking about the things they are doing.

Working Papers

- ***Classtalk*: A classroom communication system for active learning.**
- **Information Technology and its transformational effect on the health care industry.**